

acid (I; R = OH) are reported. The best results were found for the 3-furyl and 2-methoxy thiazol-5-yl analogs.

L35 ANSWER 12 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1996:19712 HCAPLUS

DN 124:164360

TI Antibacterial activity of a synthetic peptide (PR-26) derived from PR-39, a proline-arginine-rich neutrophil antimicrobial peptide

AU Shi, Jishu; Ross, Christopher R.; Chengappa, M. M.; Sylte, Matt J.; McVey, D. Scott; Blecha, Frank

CS Dep. Anat. Physiol., Kansas State Univ., Manhattan, KS, 66506, USA

SO Antimicrob. Agents Chemother. (1996), 40(1), 115-21

CODEN: AMACQ; ISSN: 0066-4804

DT Journal

LA English

AB PR-39 is a proline-arginine-rich (PR) neutrophil antibacterial peptide originally identified and purified from the porcine small intestine. We report on the synthesis of a functional antibacterial domain of PR-39, the first 26 amino acid residues of the NH2 terminus. PR-26 was as potent as or more potent than PR-39 against enteric gram-neg. bacteria. This truncated form of PR-39 potentiated neutrophil phagocytosis of Salmonella choleraesuis and decreased the level of S. typhimurium invasion into intestinal epithelial cells. SEM confirmed that these peptides did not lyse cells by pore-forming mechanisms; however, they potentiated the antibacterial capabilities of a pore-forming peptide, magainin A. In addn., PR-26 was not toxic to epithelial cells at concns. several times greater than its bactericidal concn. These data suggest that PR-39 and its functional domain, PR-26, may potentiate the host's defense capabilities against gram-neg. infections.

=> fil biosis

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 11:55:41 ON 12 DEC 2000  
COPYRIGHT (C) 2000 BIOSIS(R)

FILE COVERS 1969 TO DATE.

CAS REGISTRY NUMBERS AND CHEMICAL NAMES (CNS) PRESENT  
FROM JANUARY 1969 TO DATE.

RECORDS LAST ADDED: 6 December 2000 (20001206/ED)

The BIOSIS file has been reloaded. Enter HELP RLOAD and HELP REINDEXING for details.

=> d all tot

L49 ANSWER 1 OF 26 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2000 BIOSIS

AN 2000:440602 BIOSIS

DN PREV200000440602

TI PR-39, endogenous antimicrobial peptide derived from porcine neutrophils is capable binding PI3Kp85 and inhibits cell proliferation and modifies actin bundle structure in K-ras transformed cells.

AU Kohgo, Yutaka (1); Fujimoto, Yoshinori (1); Tanaka, Koji (1); Suzuki, Masako (1); Suzuki, Yasuaki (1); Saito, Hiroyuki (1); Ohtake, Takaaki (1)  
CS (1) Third Department of Internal Medicine, Asahikawa Medical College, Asahikawa, Hokkaido Japan

SO Acta Haematologica (Basel), (July, 2000) Vol. 103, No. Supplement 1, pp. 30. print.

Meeting Info.: 13th Symposium on Molecular Biology of Hematopoiesis and Treatment of Leukemia and Cancer New York, NY, USA July 14-18, 2000